

FLORIDA BOARD OF GOVERNORS

1.001 University Board of Trustees Powers and Duties

(1) Pursuant to Article IX, section 7(c), Florida Constitution, the Board of Governors shall establish the powers and duties of the board of trustees as set forth herein and as may be established by regulation. This regulation supersedes the delegation of authority to the boards of trustees by the Board of Governors. The intent of this regulation is to delegate powers and duties to the university boards of trustees so that the university boards have all of the powers and duties necessary and appropriate for the direction, operation, management, and accountability of each state university.

(2) Composition of Boards; Membership and Organization.

(a) Each university shall be administered by a board of trustees, consisting of thirteen members dedicated to the purposes of the State University System. Each university board of trustees includes six members appointed by the Governor and five members appointed by the Board of Governors, all of whom must be confirmed by the Senate. All trustees are required to attend a Board of Governors orientation session, preferably prior to service on the university board. The chair of the faculty senate, or the equivalent, and the president of Student Government, or the equivalent, are also members. Board of trustee members shall

reselected for one additional consecutive two-year term. Any exception to this term of office must be approved by a two-thirds vote of the board of trustees.

(c) The duties of the chair shall include presiding at all meetings of the board of trustees, calling special meetings of the board of trustees, attesting to actions of the board of trustees, and notifying the Board of Governors or the Governor, as applicable, in writing whenever a board member has three consecutive unexcused absences from regular board meetings in any fiscal year, which may be grounds for removal as provided in section 1001.71, Florida Statutes

setting the agenda for meetings of the board of trustees in consultation with the chair.

- (e) Members of the boards of trustees shall receive no compensation but may be reimbursed for travel and per diem expenses as provided in section 112.061, Florida Statutes.
- (f) Each board of trustees shall establish the powers and duties of the university president.
- (g) Each board of trustees shall be a public body corporate with all the powers of a body corporate, including the power to adopt a corporate seal, to contract and be contracted with, to sue and be sued, to plead and be impleaded in all courts of law and equity, and to give and receive donations. In all suits against the board of trustees, service of process shall be made on the chair of the board of trustees or on a university designee.
- (h) Each board of trustees shall be primarily acting as an instrumentality of the state pursuant to section 768.28, Florida Statutes, for purposes of sovereign immunity.
- (i) Each board of trustees is subject to the public records and open meetings requirements set forth in Article I, section 24 of the Florida Constitution and laws implementing that section.
- (j) Each board of trustees shall keep and, within two weeks after a board meeting minutes for all meetings, including the vote history and attendance of each trustee, as provided in section

achieving those priorities, as well as performance expectations and outcomes on institutional and systemwide goals. The workplan/ core institutional strengths within the context of State University System goals and regional and statewide needs.

- (e) Each board of trustees shall have a policy addressing conflicts of interest for its members.
 - (f) Each board of trustees shall maintain an effective information system to provide accurate, timely, and cost-effective information about the university, and shall require that all data and reporting requirements of the Board of Governors are met.
 - (g) Each board of trustees may promulgate regulations and procedures related to data and technology, including information systems, communications systems, computer hardware and software, and networks.
 - (h) Each board of trustees is authorized to secure comprehensive general liability insurance.
 - (i) Each board of trustees may provide for payment of the cost of civil actions against officers, employees, or agents of its board.
 - (j) Each board of trustees is authorized to promulgate university regulations in accordance with the Regulation Development Procedure adopted by the Board of Governors.
 - (k) Each board of trustees may govern traffic on the grounds of the university and in other areas in accordance with law and any mutual aid agreements entered into with other law enforcement agencies.
 - (l) Each board of trustees shall be responsible for campus safety and emergency preparedness, to include safety and security measures for university personnel, students, and campus visitors.
 - (m) Each board of trustees is authorized to create divisions of sponsored research and establish policies regulating the administration and operation of the divisions of sponsored research.
- (4) Academic Programs and Student Affairs.
- (a) Each board of trustees shall adopt university regulations or policies, as appropriate, in areas including, but not limited to:
 1. authorization and discontinuance of degree programs;
 2. articulation and access;
 3. admission and enrollment of students;
 4. minimum academic performance standards for the award of a degree;
 5. student financial assistance;
 6. student activities and organizations;
 7. student records and reports;

8. anti-hazing, related penalties, and program for enforcement;
9. reasonable accommodation of religious observances; and
10. uniform student code of conduct and related penalties.

Such regulations or policies shall be consistent with any applicable

- (b) Each board of trustees shall establish a committee to periodically review and evaluate the student judicial system. At least one-half of the members of the committee shall be students appointed by the student body president.
 - (c) Each board of trustees shall approve the internal procedures of student government organizations.
 - (d) Each board of trustees shall require that institutional control and oversight of its intercollegiate athletics program is in compliance with the rules and regulations of the National Collegiate Athletic Association. The university president is responsible for the administration of all aspects of the intercollegiate athletics program.
- (5) Personnel.
- (a) Each board of trustees shall provide for the establishment of the personnel program for all the employees of the university, including the president, which may include but is not limited to: compensation and other conditions of employment, recruitment and selection, nonreappointment, standards for performance and conduct, evaluation, benefits and hours of work, leave policies, recognition and

authorization, issuance and sale of university and direct support organization debt.

- (e) Each board of trustees shall account for expenditures of all state, local, federal, and other funds in accordance with guidelines or regulations established by the Board of Governors, and as provided by state or federal law.
 - (f) Each board of trustees may enter into agreements for, and accept, credit card payments as compensation for goods, services, tuition, and fees.
 - (g) Each board of trustees shall establish policies and procedures for the performance of annual internal audits of university finances and operations. All reports generated from such audits must be submitted to the Board of Governors after review and acceptance by the board of trustees, or its designee.
 - (h) Each board of trustees and each direct support organization shall submit annual financial statements to the Board of Governors.
- (7) Property and Purchasing.
- (a) Each board of trustees and university direct support organization must obtain prior approval from the Board of Governors before entering into a binding contractual obligation to improve real property that will result in the board or the direct support organization seeking a commitment of state fun

contained on the list of approved appraisers maintained by the Division of State Lands in the Department of Environmental Protection.

2. The board of trustees may negotiate and enter into an option contract before an appraisal is obtained. The option contract must state that the final purchase price may not exceed the maximum value allowed by law. The consideration for such an option contract may not exceed 10 percent of the estimate obtained by the board of trustees or 10 percent of the value of the parcel, whichever is greater, unless otherwise authorized by the board of trustees.
3. Title to property acquired by a university board of trustees prior to January 7, 2003, and to property acquired thereafter with state funds shall vest in the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. With respect to all other real property acquired by a university, such property shall be titled in the name

transfer for the public benefit. Such policies must include, without limitation, provisions that take into account the contributions of university personnel in the development of work products and that require any proceeds from such work products be used to support the research and sponsored training programs of the university.

- (e) Each board of trustees is responsible for compliance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and requirements.